

THE PACIFIC  
Commercial Advertiser

WALTER G. SMITH - EDITOR.

SATURDAY : : : OCTOBER 12

"There's many a slip twixt the Cup and the Lipson."

It is not so much a question of who shall lead in the Democratic campaign of 1904 as who shall follow.

The article printed elsewhere without credit, regarding Col. Dickey, came from the Omaha Examiner. This journal is also indebted to the Examiner for the illustration.

From the way estates are being eaten up by fees in this Territory it would appear that the new outfit of political judges and carpet-bag attorneys are not in Hawaii for their health.

President Roosevelt's declaration that the weight of public displeasure should fall even more heavily on the scoundrel who succeeds than on the scoundrel who fails should be the Hawaiian war cry in the fight for a pure judiciary.

The Washington Star, whose editor has been in Hawaii, has the knack of telling plain truths about the Dole administration which is especially useful at this time. The propaganda of falsehood is busy but such papers as the Star have the ability, information and power to checkmate it at every turn.

The acting Vice-President is Senator Frye of Maine. He does not, however, stand in the line of promotion in the event of a Presidential vacancy, the Secretary of State being the first eligible pro-tem incumbent until Congress can meet and elect. Senator Frye will, however, preside by right of his position, over the deliberations of the upper House.

The markets show no loss of tone owing to the sudden change of administration. Evidently the nation accepts President Roosevelt as a man who has the same public views as McKinley and regards his promise to carry out the late President's policies as sincere. Confidence stands where it did before the assassination. It was different in 1865 and 1881, but that is owing to the difference in men.

Seth Low is one of the cleanest and ablest men in New York politics and he, if any one, can defeat the Tammany ticket. A native of Brooklyn, and a member of an influential family there, he came into prominence with Theodore Roosevelt, Alfred C. Chapin and other young reformers of the time. If we remember aright he served one or two terms as Mayor of Brooklyn. For several years past he has been president of Columbia College.

Mr. Hearst's publications are not faring well at the hands of searching parties. Lately the yellow files have been yielding color like this:

"McKinley's fat white hand has tossed to the starving American peasant the answer out of the White House window: 'A trust can do no wrong.'"

"Has assassination ever changed the world's history? We invite our readers to think over this question."

"Washington, Feb. 4. \* \* \* The bullet that pierced Goebel's chest cannot be found in all the West; good reason. It is speeding here to stretch McKinley on his bier."

If the time ever comes to muzzle the press in America it will be brought about by journals which bestow upon honest men the epithets which are due alone to rascals.

## ABANDONING THE CARPET-BAGGER.

President Roosevelt, in the matter of reconstituting the Republican party in the South, is doing what Grant should have done—making the party acceptable to the best elements in that as in other sections of the common country. The original policy was to sustain a horde of northern carpet-baggers in the South, who should lead the negroes and exploit the country, the whole outfit being protected at the polls by Federal bayonets. The result was to so alienate white men, the natural rulers of any and every Anglo-Saxon commonwealth, that they ranged themselves solidly against the Republican party and succeeded in defeating it twice in a Presidential contest. Of course in time the bayonets had to be removed, and then both the carpet-baggers and the darkeys disappeared from State and Congressional politics. Since then as President Roosevelt has discovered, the Republican party of the South has been merely a collection of job-chasers, white and black, intent upon the Federal patronage. They cannot win elections; they cannot build up an effective party organization; they are simply appetites and grabs. So long as they are supported by a Republican President the South will go Democratic.

It is now declared that President Roosevelt will turn his back on the spoliemen who use the Republican name to general party disadvantage and give the progressive men of the South a chance to get into touch with the administration. Clark Howell, Senators Morgan and McLaughlin and others of that class will have the way opened. If they can be convinced that Republicanism no longer means the rule of the negro and the carpet-bagger, they will, perhaps, see their way clear to work for the economic protection and the new foreign markets for cotton which the South demands through the political agencies which have protection and expansion as their objects. That would be a consummation well worth the while.

But let President Roosevelt not forget that there is another place in the Union where the carpet-bagger, using an aboriginal citizenship which hates the men who paved the way for annexation, is doing his best to ruin the good name of the Republican party. That place is Hawaii. Let him beware lest conditions here finally call for interference like that now demanded by the South. The danger is imminent, the more so because the most corrupt carpet-bagger of them all has lately, by means of falsehoods which, by some strange mischance were left unchallenged at Washington, been "exonerated" by a deceived administration.

## TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

It is plain from their comments on the political situation in Hawaii that the New York Tribune, Springfield Republican and Literary Digest, together with other journals of their class, have been misled as to the facts. The purpose of this article is to set them right.

There are in Hawaii three political parties, the Independent Home Rule party composed of many of the adherents of the late Queen, and which elected Robert Wilcox, a half-white agitator, to Congress; the Republican party, comprising many natives and a majority of the whites; and the Democratic party which has a small and not active following. The Republican party has two factions; one which comprises the men who overturned the monarchy and made the long fight for annexation and of which Governor Dole is the natural leader; and one led by political manipulators, some of whom came here as carpet-baggers and such former Royalists as believe that, if they control the machinery of the Republican party, they can satisfy their grudges against the Dole annexationists and incidentally hold the offices.

When the first Republican primaries under Territorial organization were held, the carpet-baggers promised the Royalist natives a chance, in return for their votes at these primaries, to crush the influence and terminate the official career of Governor Dole. The Royalists flocked to the polls and voted for the carpet-bag ticket, which was mainly elected. A Territorial convention followed in which A. S. Humphreys, the chief carpet-bagger, by telling a falsehood about what he had heard during his confidential relations with his then law-partner, Lorin Andrews, a leader of the Dole party, secured the defeat of a set of primary regulations which stipulated that none but Republicans should vote at Republican primaries. At the nominating primaries which followed, the Home Rule Party adherents of Robert Wilcox flocked in and named the majority of the Republican delegates, putting the party organization into anti-Dole hands. In one precinct three times the number of votes were cast for these delegates that were received in the same precinct, a short time later, by the Republican nominee for Congress.

At once began the effort of the anti-Dole Republicans to create, in the mind of President McKinley, distrust of Governor Dole in the hope that it would secure his removal. A paper was started and two others are supposed to have been subsidized with that object in view. The plea was that the Territorial administration was "un-American." Every native monarchist who wanted to get even with Governor Dole and who hated Americanism; men who had declared their sympathy with Spain in the late war and whose leader, Robert Wilcox, had offered his sword to Aguinaldo; men who could not read or write the English language, joined in the hue and cry about the "un-Americanism" of the men who had risked their lives and property to bring Hawaii into the American Union. Naturally every effort was made to give the charge a semblance of the truth. Any local custom, as natural a growth as the peculiar and differing customs of Massachusetts, California and Louisiana, was denounced as "un-American." What was conceded in the way of local customs to every other part of the Union was denied to this part and made to reflect upon its patriotism. The main plea rested upon the "un-American" custom here which had been observed for forty years, of narrowing the social evil to the smallest possible habitat and keeping it, as far as possible, through the oversight of the Board of Health, from spreading disease among the natives. Formerly the evil was confined to a single street or part of a street, but at the request of Christian people it was removed to a stockade in the suburbs. Otherwise it would have spread temptation and disease all over Honolulu. Within a year the people of Honolulu took up the question of segregation from a purely moral standpoint, and a marked division of opinion came about. As soon as it appeared that the Edmunds law made it impossible for the Territory to exercise any control of vice, the stockade was closed, the Governor of the Territory directing that this course be taken and the Territorial Sheriff acting in the premises. Since then the social evil, which is ineradicable among native and Asiatic populations, has secured free commons here.

Yet the enemies of the Dole Government declare in Washington that the stockade is still open and is "protected" by Governor Dole.

The chief mover in this campaign against Governor Dole and the annexation party is Abram S. Humphreys, a judge of the Territorial Circuit Court, who aspires to be the political boss of Hawaii and is an adroit and unscrupulous political manipulator. Mr. Humphreys, the son of a professional Southern carpet-bagger, was driven out of Mississippi for libels, and was driven out of certain Arizona towns for crimes for which he escaped imprisonment only by a lucky chance. He was in shooting scrapes in Arizona and he has twice been in street affairs here for one of which he was arrested and fined \$100. The evidence of all these facts in the form of affidavits is now in Honolulu and in due time will be given to the public. What purports to have been Humphreys' "exoneration" by the Attorney General from serious charges brought by the Hawaiian Bar Association by a vote of thirty-seven to seven—the minority seven being his business partners or members of firms to which he had, as judge, granted extraordinary fees—was due to the facts (1) that he replied to the charges by telling deliberate untruths which the insular position of Hawaii did not permit the Bar Association to hear of until it was too late to reply, and (2) because the single representative of the Bar Association at the capital, a former law-partner of Judge Humphreys, made no brief of the evidence entrusted to him and let the case go practically by default.

Around such a leader has gathered nearly every man who fought to the last ditch the proposition to annex Hawaii to the United States; every man not too reputable to associate with Humphreys who looks back upon the monarchy with regretful eyes; every man who is hungry and thirsty for preferment. They stop at no slander and pause at no libel in their effort to crush the party that made it possible for them to live here under the American flag. This party is Republican for principle's sake. It believes in the party of Lincoln and Garfield and McKinley and is conducting the public business entrusted to its care with honesty, dignity and decorum. If it has temporarily opposed city and county government as is charged, it is because such governments would fall into the hands of enfranchised aborigines led by carpet-baggers; into the control of men like those who made the first Hawaiian Legislature a stench in the nostrils of the public, spending time which ought to have been used in providing revenue for the Territory in protecting female dogs from taxation and in dickering for spoils. The Dole government stands like a wall of granite between the rogue and the ignoramus and the power he wishes to misuse—and for this it is denounced as "un-American." President Roosevelt has passed his whole public life in the political company of men like these and he can have no sympathy with men like their opponents, once he comes to know them. What is needed to show him the truth is the investigating commission which it is said he will appoint. We have already received two in turn, the Morgan Commission and the Cullom Commission and both have reported in favor of the administration of Sanford B. Dole. The friends of the annexation leader will welcome yet another if it comes, knowing that the whole course of Mr. Dole and his fellow Republicans will stand every test that may be applied to it.

Much of the political trouble in Hawaii is caused by the fact that Congress gave us an un-American voting franchise. This is the only part of the Union where the sole knowledge of a foreign tongue is among the qualifications of suffrage. By that token a vote, ignorant even of the speech of Americans and blind to the political or other literature of the country in which it is cast, becomes the arbiter, at the polls, of Territorial destinies. It is the vote especially relied upon by demagogues and carpet-baggers, to annoy and harass the Territorial Republican administration. If Congress ever expects to cement good government here and Americanize the native race, it must have but one language qualification for voters and that one which will imply their ability to understand the constitution and laws when they hear them spoken or see them in print. As things were left by Congress the ancient views and prejudices of the aborigine have simply secured the right to apply themselves to American politics. The result is before us in the record made by the first Hawaiian Legislature.

Delegate Wilcox's Home Rule party calls itself at Washington the Home Rule "Republican" party. It needs to be remembered there, however, that Wilcox, when he induced his following to insert the name "Republican," said plainly that the party would have

nothing to do with Republicans here but would use the term at Washington to get Wilcox support for his bills from a Republican House. Just now the full title is being used to put the Aguinaldo in the running for Governor. Its success in any effort at the national capital will be in proportion to the number of officials there who buy gold bricks.

## A TYPICAL SOUTH AFRICAN STORE.

O. R. Larson, of Bay Villa, Sundays river, Cape Colony, conducts a store typical of S. Africa, at which can be purchased anything from the proverbial "needle to an anchor." This store is situated in a valley nine miles from the nearest railway station, and about twenty-five miles from the nearest town. Mr. Larson says: "I am favored with the custom of farmers within a radius of thirty miles, to many of whom I have supplied Chamberlain's remedies. All testify to their value in a household where a doctor's advice is almost out of the question. Within one mile of my store the population is perhaps sixty. Of these, within the past twelve months, no less than fourteen have been absolutely cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This must surely be a record." For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., wholesale agents.

Half-tones and zincos cuts made at the Gazette office. If you have a good photograph you may be sure of a good cut.

## Salt Rheum

It may become chronic.  
It may cover the body with large, inflamed, burning, itching, scaling patches and cause intense suffering. It has been known to do so.  
Do not delay treatment.  
Thoroughly cleanse the system of the humors on which this ailment depends and prevent their return.

The medicine taken by Mrs. Ida E. Ward, Cove Point, Md., was Hood's Sarsaparilla. She writes: "I had a disagreeable itching on my arms which I concluded was salt rheum. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and in two days felt better. It was not long before I was cured, and I have never had any skin disease since."

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. It is positively unequalled for all cutaneous eruptions. Take it.

## BYTHINIA WATER

The best natural Aperient. It will cause instant relief in habitual constipation and troubles arising from a weak stomach.

## Invaluable

in the treatment of diseases of the Liver, Malarial Fever, Biliousness, Congestive Headache, Dyspepsia, Nervous Disorders, Rheumatism, etc.

## BYTHINIA WATER

is bottled at the Springs in Santa Barbara, California, and is recognized by the medical profession to be superior to any foreign water of like nature.

ANALYSIS  
On Every Bottle.

Price 25 Cents

HOLLISTER  
DRUG CO.

SOLE AGENTS.

WHEN YOU WANT  
Something Nice For Your Dinner

Ring up Tel. Blue 2312.

## J. E. GOEAS,

GROCER,

Corner Beretania and Emma Sts.  
And ask for the Island brand Asparagus or Snowflake Asparagus, Snowflake Corn, Vinton Corn, Melrose Peas and String Beans.

## Henry Waterhouse &amp; Co.

Stock & Bond Brokers

Fire Insurance Agents

Commission Merchants

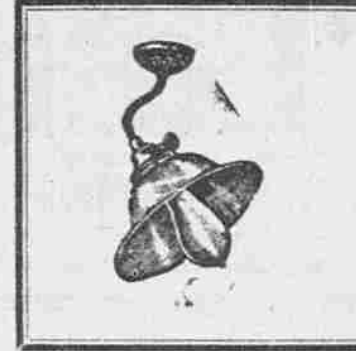
Careful attention given to business trusts.

In our new quarters, corner Fort and Merchant streets.

R. Lewers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.

## Lewers &amp; Cooke

Importers and Dealers in Lumber and Building Materials. Office 414 Fort Street.

A Faultless  
Light

For the home.

There is only one and that is the incandescent.

Always ready for use with a soft, brilliant and steady light. Does not smoke or smell.

Adds the finishing touch to a well furnished home.

Let us give you an estimate on wiring your house, you will find our figures far below what you expected.

NOT  
Expensive

## Hawaiian Electric Co.

King Street, near Alakea : : Tel. Main 390

## THE KASH CO., Ltd.

The Rough and Tumble  
Youngster

never knew the comfort and freedom of neat looking clothes until we took him in tow. Appearance and wear resistance lock arms in our suits for the LITTLE FELLOW.

We Are Making a  
Short Cut

and making for safe ground to be ready for the new season's goods. All of this summer's stock must be out of the way to make room for the large shipments of new goods coming.

## Get Next, Quick!

Not as frequently as we would like, can we sell two-dollar shirts for half that. Early pickers are sure of sizes. Others must trust to luck.

## SATURDAY!

BETTER GET THE LITTLE THINGS YOU NEED FOR TOMORROW THAN WAIT TILL TOMORROW AND WISH THAT YOU HAD.

## THE KASH CO., Ltd.

TWO STORES TWO STOCKS  
TWO TELEPHONES: 96 Main, 376 Main.

## FINE SILK AND COTTON KIMONOS

JUST RECEIVED, ALSO

Some Very Good Suspenders for 25c.

The Ladies are invited to inspect our new cloths, for making Kimonos, which we ordered direct from Japan.

## U. Sekomoto,

14 HOTEL STREET,  
near Nuuanu.

New Store and our Goods are all New.

## Metropolitan Meat Co., Ltd.

## FRESH MEATS AND FISH

By Every Steamer from the Coast that has Cold Storage.

Choice Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb  
and Pork always on hand, also

Poultry, Salmon and Halibut.

## FOR SALE AT

The Metropolitan Meat Co., King Street; Telephone 65.  
The Booth, Fishmarket; Telephone 879.  
Central Market, Nuuanu Street; Telephone 104.

## JOHN NOTT,

85 King Street.

Tel. Blue 31.

## Sanitary Plumbing

## AND Sewer Connections

A SPECIALTY.

## CORNICE and GALVANIZED IRON WORK